

Discussion of

“Quality Predictability and the Welfare Benefits from New Products: Evidence from the Digitization of Recorded Music”

by Luis Aguiar and Joel Waldfogel

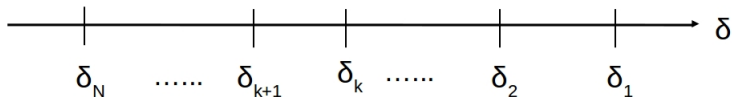
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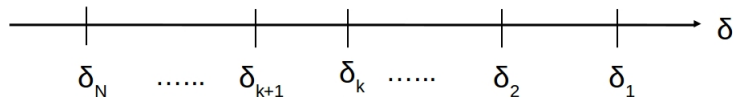
Long tail in consumption

Extant products

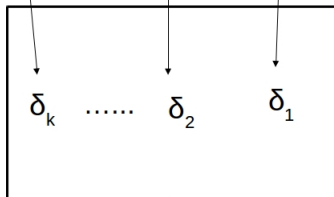


Long tail in consumption: brick-and-mortar

Extant products

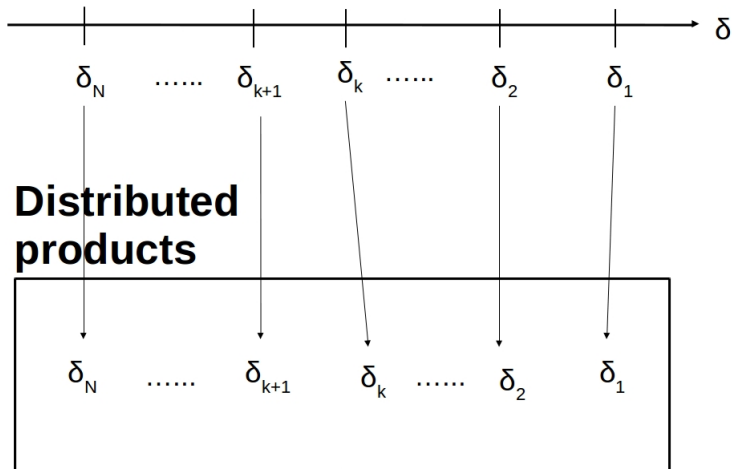


Distributed products



Long tail in consumption: online

Extant products



Long tail in consumption: How do we measure it?

- ▶ Estimate demand, e.g. $x(p, y) = Ap^\alpha y^\delta$

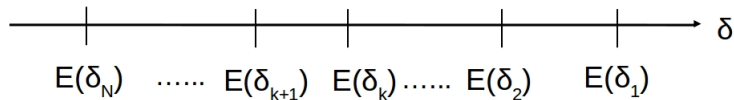
- ▶ Compute compensating variation (CV):

$$CV = e(p_{e0}, p_{n0}, u_1) - e(p_{e1}, p_{n1}, u_1)$$

- ▶ Simpler if we can assume no effect on prices

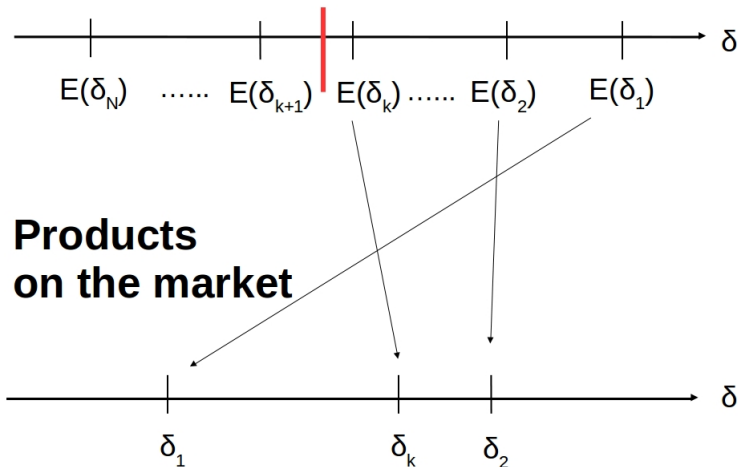
Long tail in production

Potential products



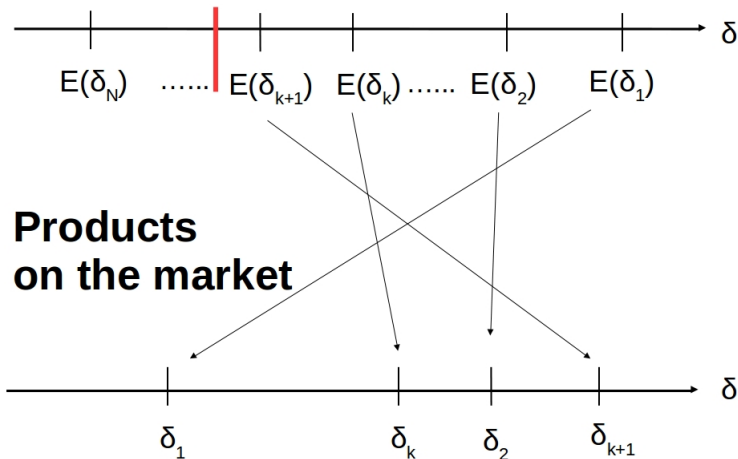
Long tail in production: pre-digitization

Potential products



Long tail in production: post-digitization

Potential products



Long tail in production: How do we measure it?

- ▶ Estimate demand: $u_{ij} = \delta_{jc} + \zeta_i + (1 - \sigma)\varepsilon_{ij}$
- ▶ Estimate supply
 - ▶ Model of entry: Sequential, with fixed cost
 - ▶ Model of quality forecast: $\delta_{ja} = \gamma_0 + \gamma_1 Z_a + \mu_{ja}$
- ▶ How large are the gains? It depends:
 - ▶ Perfect Foresight (PF) $\approx$ Long tail in consumption
 - ▶ No predictability (NP) $\gg$ Long tail in consumption
 - ▶ Imperfect Prediction (IP)
- ▶ Estimated gains: $\Delta CS = \frac{CS_{post}^{IP} - CS_{pre}^{IP}}{CS_{post}^{PF} - CS_{pre}^{PF}}$

Strengths

- ▶ Compelling and relevant question
- ▶ Sensible approach
- ▶ Careful implementation
- ▶ “Right” welfare measure

Comment 1: Prediction stage

- ▶ This has direct impact on ΔCS
- ▶ Current approach: $\nu = \delta_{ja} - \widehat{\delta_{ja}}$
 - ▶ How does ν look like?
 - ▶ Shape of the distribution may matter more than R^2
- ▶ Possible alternatives
 1. Prediction based on song characteristics:
$$\delta_{jag} = \gamma_0 + \gamma_1 Z_a + \gamma_2 Z_g + \mu_{jag}$$
 2. Calibrate the noise: $\delta_j = E(\delta_j) + \nu_j, \quad \nu \sim G(0, \sigma_\nu)$
 - ▶ BoxOfficeMojo releases forecasts on movies

Comment 2: “Nobody knows anything”

- ▶ If predicting is hard, model suggests increase of sleeper hits post-digitization
- ▶ Yet success seems to concentrate on items “born to be hits”

The same team writes songs for Rihanna, Britney Spears, Katy Perry, Miley Cyrus, etc.

Fifty top-40 hits in the past ten years



Box office is dominated by like-themed movies (e.g. comic book heroes) and sequels



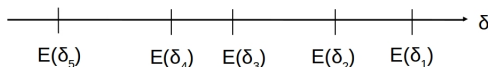
Comment 3: Are X's exogenous?

- ▶ Implicit assumption: “artists write the music they write”
- ▶ But artists (and labels) may be looking a step ahead
- ▶ This affects demand estimates and CS calculations
 - ▶ Akerberg, Crawford and Hahn (WP 2011)
 - ▶ Crawford, Shcherbakov and Shum (WP 2014)

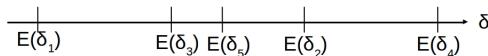
Comment 4: The role of crowdfunding

- ▶ Digital platforms now allow consumers to fund artists
- ▶ This may be a way to resolve uncertainty

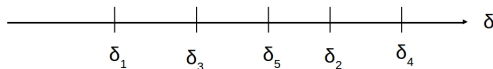
Ex-ante rank w/o crowdfunding



Ex-ante rank with crowdfunding



Actual quality



- ▶ Distortions from selection in participation to crowdfunding